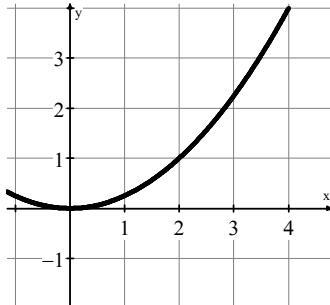


Write your questions and thoughts here!

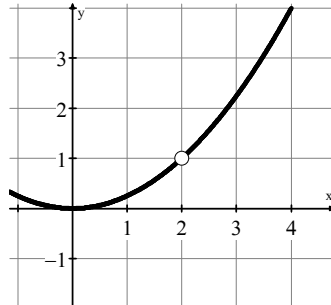
Limits

As x approaches ____, $f(x)$ approaches ____.



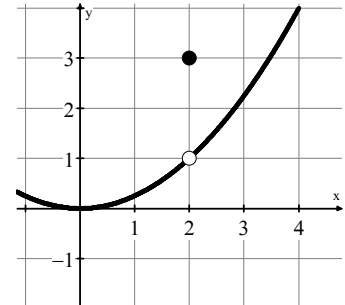
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$$

$$f(2) =$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$$

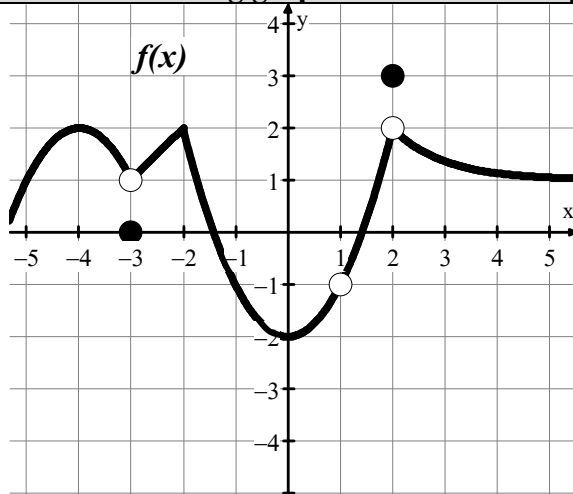
$$f(2) =$$



$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$$

$$f(2) =$$

Use the following graph to evaluate each problem.



1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$

2. $f(-3) =$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$

4. $f(2) =$

5. $f(1) =$

6. $f(-2) =$

7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$

8. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) =$

9. Give an interpretation of the statement $\lim_{x \rightarrow 7} f(x) = 10$

A limit does NOT tell us the value of $f(x)$. It just tells us what the function approaches!

True or false? $f(1) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ in all cases.

True or false? $f(1) \neq \lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x)$ in all cases.

1.2 Defining Limits

Calculus

Practice

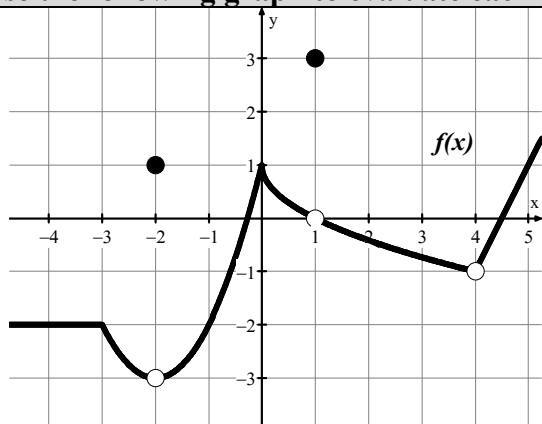
Give an interpretation of each statement.

1. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = 9$

2. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) = 3$

3. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = -8$

Use the following graph to evaluate each problem.



4. $f(-2) =$

5. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$

6. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) =$

7. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$

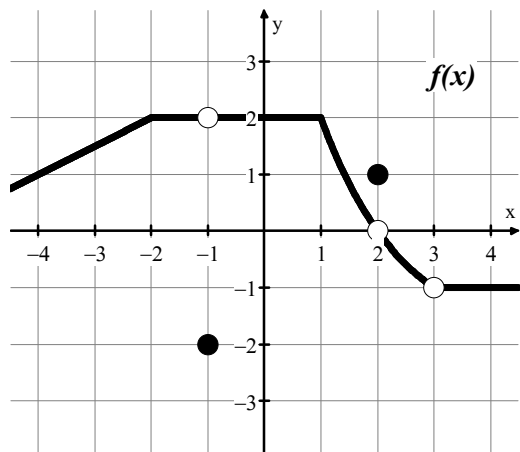
8. $f(4) =$

9. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) =$

10. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) =$

11. $f(1) =$

Use the following graph to evaluate each problem.



12. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) =$

13. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) =$

14. $f(2) =$

15. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) =$

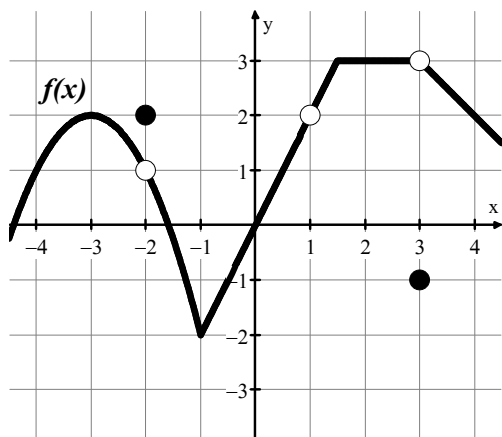
16. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$

17. $f(3) =$

18. $f(-1) =$

19. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$

Use the following graph to evaluate each problem.



20. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$

21. $f(1) =$

22. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 3} f(x) =$

23. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) =$

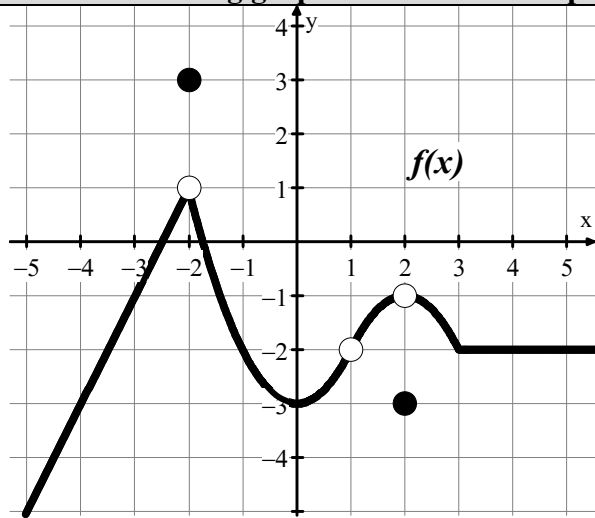
24. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$

25. $f(-2) =$

26. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -3} f(x) =$

27. $f(3) =$

Use the following graph to evaluate each problem.



28. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -2} f(x) =$

29. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) =$

30. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} f(x) =$

31. $f(-2) =$

32. $f(1) =$

33. $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) =$

34. $\lim_{x \rightarrow -4} f(x) =$

35. $f(2) =$

1.2 Defining Limits

Test Prep

36. Let f be a function that is defined for all real numbers x . Of the following, which is the best interpretation of the statement $\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} f(x) = 8$.

- (A) The value of the function f at $x = 4$ is 8.
- (B) The value of the function f at $x = 8$ is 4.
- (C) As x approaches 4, the values of $f(x)$ approach 8.
- (D) As x approaches 8, the values of $f(x)$ approach 4.

37. Let f be a function that is defined for all real numbers x . Of the following, which is the best interpretation of the statement $\lim_{x \rightarrow -1} f(x) = 2$.

- (A) As x approaches 2, the values of $f(x)$ approach -1
- (B) The value of the function f at $x = -1$ is 2.
- (C) The value of the function f at $x = 2$ is -1 .
- (D) As x approaches -1 , the values of $f(x)$ approach 2.