

6.5 Behavior of Accumulation Functions

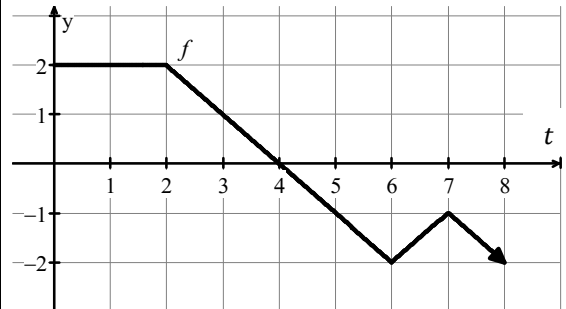
CA #2

Calculus

Name: _____

1. Let $g(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$ with the graph of f shown above and a is a constant. Find the x -values of g regarding each of the following conditions.

a. Relative minimum(s)	b. Relative maximum(s)
c. Concave up	d. Concave down
e. Increasing	f. Decreasing

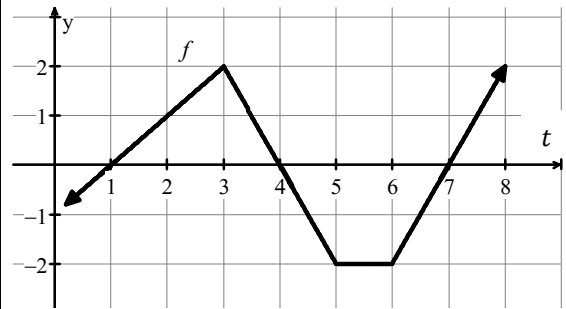


h. If $g(2) = -2$, what is the maximum value of g on the interval $[0, 8]$?

i. Given $h(x) = \int_0^{3x-2} f(t) dt$. Find the x -value where h has a relative maximum.

2. Let $g(x) = \int_a^x f(t) dt$ with the graph of f shown above and a is a constant. Find the x -values of g regarding each of the following conditions.

a. Relative minimum(s)	b. Relative maximum(s)
c. Concave up	d. Concave down
e. Increasing	f. Decreasing



h. If $g(3) = -4$, what is the minimum value of g on the interval $[3, 8]$?

i. Given $h(x) = \int_0^{\frac{x}{3}+7} f(t) dt$. Find the x -value where h has a relative maximum.

1a. None	1b. $x = 4$	1c. (6, 7)	1d. (2, 6) and (7, ∞)	1e. (0, 4)	1f. (4, ∞)
1g. $x = 6$ and $x = 7$	1h. 0	1i. $x = 2$	2a. $x = 1$ and $x = 7$	2b. $x = 4$	2c. $(-\infty, 3)$ and $(6, \infty)$
2d. (3, 5)	2e. (1, 4) and (7, ∞)	2f. $(-\infty, 1)$ and (4, 7)	2g. $x = 3$	2h. -7	2i. $x = -9$