

10.9 Absolute or Conditional Convergence

Calculus

Name: _____

CA #1

1. For what values of x is the series $\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (5x + 1)^n$ absolutely convergent?

2. For what values of x is the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(5x - 2)^n}{n}$ conditionally convergent?

A. $x > \frac{3}{5}$

B. $x = \frac{3}{5}$

C. $x = \frac{1}{5}$

D. $x < \frac{1}{5}$

3. Which of the following statements is true about the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{n^2 \sqrt{n}}$.

A. The series converges conditionally.

B. The series converges absolutely.

C. The series converges but neither conditionally nor absolutely.

D. The series diverges.

4. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^n}{n + 5}$ converges absolutely, converges conditionally, or diverges.

5. Determine whether the series $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{(n+1)!}$ converges absolutely, converges conditionally, or diverges.

Answers to 10.9 CA #1

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|---------------------------|------|------|----------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1. $-\frac{2}{5} < x < 0$ | 2. C | 3. B | 4. Converges Conditionally | 5. Converges Absolutely |
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