## Match the slope field with the differential equation．

1．$\frac{d y}{d x}=x-y$

| （A） | （B） | （C） | （D） |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $111 \hat{t}^{y} / 111$ |  | $\begin{array}{llll}1 & 1 & 3^{\text {a }} \text { ¢ }\end{array}$ | ，1 $\sin ^{*} \backslash \backslash$ |
| $111=111$ | 11121 | 111210 | ノ 1121 |
|  |  |  |  |
| \＋1 1 | $111 \downarrow-\ 1$ | $111+-1$ | ーノ1 ${ }^{1}$ |
| $\stackrel{-3}{-2}$-1 <br> 1 |  | －$l_{-3}^{1}$ |  |
| $1 / 1+1$ | 1／1－－1 111 |  |  |
| －－／1 1 |  |  |  |
| －1 ノ |  |  |  |
| $111-111$ | $1-1-2 \mid 11$ | $1-1-211$ |  |
| \－2 1 ／ |  |  |  |
| $11-7111$ | －\ \－3｜1 1 | $-11-37111$ |  | 2.

（A）$\frac{d y}{d x}=(x-2)^{2}$
（D）$\frac{d y}{d x}=x+y$
（B）$\frac{d y}{d x}=0.5 x-1$
（E）$\frac{d y}{d x}=0.5 y$
（C）$\frac{d y}{d x}=x-y$


For each slope field，plot and label the points A and B and sketch the particular solution that passes through each of those points．（Two separate solutions for each slope field．）
3．$\frac{d y}{d x}=2 x y$
4．$\frac{d y}{d x}=e^{x} y$


Point A：$(0,1)$
Point B：$(2,-1)$


Point A：$(2,1)$
Point B：$(0,-1)$
5. Let $f(t)$ be an increasing, differentiable function. Explain why the following slope field cannot represent the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}=f^{\prime}(t)$

6. Explain why the following slope field cannot represent the differential equation $\frac{d y}{d t}=-0.3 y$


## Consider the differential equation and its slope field. Describe all points in the $x y$-plane that match the given condition.

7. $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y-1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$


When is $\frac{d y}{d x}$ positive?
8. $\frac{d y}{d x}=3 x+2 y$


When does $\frac{d y}{d x}=-2$ ?

Answers to 7.4 CA \#1

1. C
2. B

3. Possible answer: When $y=0, \frac{d y}{d t}=0$. However, in the slope field, the slopes of the line segments for $y=0$ are nonzero.
4. 


7. All points where $y>1$.
5. $\frac{d y}{d t}>0$ when $y>0$, but the slope field shows line segments with nonpositive slope.
8. All points that fall on the line

$$
y=-\frac{3}{2} x-1
$$

