8.10 Disc Method: Revolve Around Other Axes

Setup the integral that gives the volume of the solid formed from revolving the bounded region about the given line. Set up the integral, but do not evaluate.

- 1. $y = 3 x^2$ and y = -1 about the line y = -1.
- 2. $x = y^2 + 3$, x = 1, y = -2, y = 1 about the line x = 1.

- 3. $x = \sqrt{y}$, y = 4, x = -1, y = 1 about the line x = -1.
- 4. $y = \sqrt{x} + 1$, y = 1 and x = 4 about the line y = 1.

- 5. $x = 3 y^2$, x = 2 about the line x = 2.
- 6. $y = x^2 + 2$, y = 2 and x = 2 about the line y = 2.

$6. \int_0^2 \pi x^4 dx$	$\chi b^2 (^2 \gamma - 1) \pi_{1-}^1 \chi$. δ	$xb x\pi^*_0$.4
$\chi b^{2}(1+\overline{\chi}\sqrt{\pi}^{*})\pi_{1}^{*}$. ξ	$\sqrt{L} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} u(y^2 + 2)^2 dy$	$xb^{2}(^{2}x-4)\pi^{2}_{2}$.!